

stars aren't that frequent, and that the oldest inhabited planet in Satania, Angona, is apparently part of a triple star system.

Q. How large is Satania?

A. It has been calculated¹ that a sphere with a radius of 10.5 light years has an average of 12 visible stars. The volume of a sphere is:

$$V_s = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3 \quad \text{If } r=10.5 \text{ light years, } V_s=4849 \text{ cu.l.y.}$$

The number of cubic light years per star is:

$$\text{Star density} = 4849/12 = 404 \text{ cu. light years per star.}$$

The number of cubic light years in Satania is:

$$V_{\text{satania}} = 2500 \times 404 = 1,010,000 \text{ cubic light years.}$$

Solving the volume formula for the radius of Satania gives:

$$\text{Radius of Satania} = 62.2 \text{ light years.}$$

If it is spherical, Satania is a sphere about 124 light years or 73 thousand trillion miles in diameter. If Urantia is at the outer edge of Satania, a transport angel moving at three times the speed of light should take about 21 years to reach Jerusem.

Q. How large will Satania be when completed?

A. This can't be answered exactly unless the number of stars it will have when it is complete is known. It seems likely however that it will not acquire or form a significant number of new stars from now on, so I doubt that it will be much larger than it is at present.

Q. How long will it take before Satania has its quota of 1000 inhabited planets?

A. Urantia was registered as an inhabited planet about one million years ago. We were registered as number 606 in the system of Satania. There are now 619 planets registered. Therefore, 13 planets became inhabited in one million years. This gives an average of: $1,000,000/13 = 16,900$ years per planet.

There are remaining: $1000-619 = 381$ planets to be inhabited.

It will take: $381 \times 16,900 = 6,439,000$ years to completely inhabit Satania.

Q. How long has Anova, the oldest planet in Satania, been inhabited?

A. Using the same 16,900 years per planet, Anova should have been inhabited for: $619 \times 16,900 = 10,050,000$ years.

Q. What is the average number of planets per star?

